## "God's Mercy"

Sparing the Guilty
Deuteronomy 9:22-29

## His mercy is often:

I. Received -"ye provoked the Lord to wrath

When you are:
A. Discontent -"And at Taberah...and at Kibrothhattaavah"
B. Distrusting - "And at Massah"
C. Disobedient - "ye rebelled against the commandment"
II. Requested -"I prayed therefore unto the Lord"
(vs. 25-27)
When you have ungodly:
A. Attitudes - "look not unto the stubbornness of this people"
B. Antagonism -"nor to their wickedness"
C. Actions -"nor to their sin"
III. Recognized - "Yet they are thy people"

When all who see God's:
A. Ability - "the Lord was not able to bring them into the land
B. Affection -"because He hated them"
C. Ambition -"He has brought them out to slay them"

## Sentence Sermon

"God's mercy with a sinner is perhaps only matched by His patience with the saints."

## Additional Verses

$>$ Philippians 4:6-7
$>$ Numbers 11:1-3, 31-34
$>$ Exodus 17:1-7
$>$ Lamentations 3:22-23
$>$ Titus 3:5
$>$ Luke 6:36
$>$ Matthew 5:7
$>$ Philippians 4:11-13
> Hebrews 4:16

## Questions to Ponder

1. What are the key words or phrases in this passage?
2. Who are the central characters of the passage?
3. What are the similarities found in Taberah, Massah, \& Kibrothhataavah?
4. What is rebellion and why does anyone rebel?
5. What are the reasons or basis on which Moses request mercy for Israel?
6. What is Moses" "best" reason for God to be merciful to |srael?
7. What is included in a discussion of the "greatness" of God?
8. Why would our enemies claim that God hates His children?
9. What is an example of a time when God was merciful towards you?
10. How often do you consider the depth and importance of God's mercy?
11. What are some real life situations we can extend mercy to our fellow man?
12. How does mercy and forgiveness fit together? or do they?
