June 18, 2023 AM – Pastor Kevin Olivier Luke 6:37-42 – "Your Standard of Measure"

- A. The beginning of <u>Lu 6:37</u> has been misused by unbelievers & immoral people for generations.
- B. The end of <u>v38</u> is your key to understanding all of today's text: **"For by your standard of measure it will be measured to you in return."**

God calls you to use a righteous	I. YOUR MEASURE IN JUDGMENT
standard of measure.	II. YOUR MEASURE IN FORGIVENESS
	III. YOUR MEASURE OF GENEROSITY

I. <u>Your measure in judgment</u> \rightarrow **v37**

A. This passage does not forbid pointing out sin as some like to wrongly claim it does.

- 1. In <u>v42</u>, Jesus warned us how we are to speak to others about sin. \rightarrow <u>v42</u>
 - a. The adulterous or fornicating man who condemns the homosexual is a good example of this.
 - b. The hypocritical drunkard has no right to condemn the sin of the drug abuser.
 - c. Your measure of judgment should always take into account your own sin.
- 2. Jesus said you are to talk to fellow believers about their sin. <u>Mat 18:15</u> says, "If your brother sins, go & show him his fault in private; if he listens to you, you have won your brother."
- 3. James concluded his epistle by saying you should confront fellow believers about their sin: "If any among you strays from the truth & one turns him back, let him know that he who turns a sinner from the error of his way will save his soul from death & will cover a multitude of sins" (Ja 5:19-20).
- 4. Lest one say, "We are to only talk to fellow believers about sin," Jesus pointed out the sins of the Samaritan woman at the well (Jn 4) & the sins of the Pharisees & lawyers in Lu 11:37-52.
- B. When Jesus said, "do not condemn, & you will not be condemned," He gave us another warning about how we talk to others about sin.
 - 1. If you do speak to someone about sin— if they are a professing believer or not— your words should never condemn that person to hell.
 - a. Jesus has the privilege of being Judge of the living & the dead; He is the one who will separate the sheep from the goats— not you!
 - b. Even when a person rejects the offer of the gospel, we shouldn't condemn them to hell. Their present rejection doesn't mean they will continue to reject the gospel.
 - c. Always seek to explain the contingencies (the if... then statements) concerning the Jesus & the holy gospel.
 - 2. To condemn someone to hell has a prophetic notion that you are assured they will never repent & believe. Only God knows if they will or not.

- II. <u>YOUR MEASURE IN FORGIVENESS</u> The end of **v37** says, "pardon, & you will be pardoned."
- A. Christians are forgiven an immense weight of sin through the work of Jesus.
 - 1. Speaking of the Apostles Creed, the Heidelberg Catechism #44 asks: *Why does the creed add, "He descended into hell"*?
 - A. To assure me during attacks of deepest dread & temptation that Christ my Lord, by suffering unspeakable anguish, pain, & terror of soul, on the cross but also earlier, has delivered me from hellish anguish & torment.
 - 2. In light of His immense love & hellish suffering in order to forgive you, you ought to forgive others who ask you to forgive them.
 - a. Peter asked Jesus, "'Lord, how often shall my brother sin against me & I forgive him? Up to seven times?' Jesus said to him, 'I do not say to you, up to seven times, but up to seventy times seven' (Mat 18:21-22).
 - b. So often, others' sins that we refuse to forgive are so petty & trivial in comparison the immense weight of our personal sins that required Jesus to bear the shame & pain of the cross.
- B. In light of your forgiveness through Jesus Christ, your standard of measure in forgiving others ought to be generous indeed.
 - 1. A professing Christian who refuses to forgive either does not understand his or her duty in light of Christ or that person may have an empty profession altogether.
 - 2. If that person has not asked you to forgive them, perhaps you ought to go to that person & seek to follow the procedure laid down in <u>Mat 18.</u>

III. <u>Your measure of generosity</u> – \rightarrow **v38**

- A. This illustration relates to a container being filled with seed, grain, or perhaps lentils. This isn't a loosely filled basket; it has been "pressed down, shaken together, & running..."
- B. I have often used **<u>v38</u>** in reference to giving tithes & offerings.
 - 1. This is a faithful application of this beautiful, famous verse of Scripture.
 - 2. Christians ought not to be stingy when giving to the Lord.
 - 3. Our giving to God pertains to money yet also concerns our time in devotion & service.
- C. God promises blessings for those who give in faith & sincerity of heart before Him.
 - 1. God said in <u>Mal 3:10</u>, "'Bring the whole tithe into the storehouse, so that there may be food in My house, & test Me now in this,' says the Lord of hosts, 'if I will not open for you the windows of heaven & pour out for you a blessing until it overflows.'"
 - 2. Paul said in <u>2 Cor 9:6</u>, "He who sows sparingly will also reap sparingly, & he who sows bountifully will also reap bountifully."
- D. In light of the prior verses we studied in this text, we should consider a wider application when Jesus said, **"Give, & it will be given to you"**
 - 1. This doesn't say what you should give or to whom you should give it.
 - 2. When you meet unbelievers & talk to them about eternal matters, seek to give words that challenge yet also speak of God's grace offered to them rather than condemning them.
 - 3. When you are wronged by someone, be willing to give them sincere forgiveness especially when they ask you to forgive them.

Review, further application, & conclusion: