

"The Agony and Arrest of Jesus"

I. The UPPER ROOM DISCOURSE

II. The EVENTS SURROUNDING THE CRUCIFIXION

A. The "HOUR" of Jesus (John 12:27-33)

* Hour -

* This "HOUR" is ...

1. Referred to as the _____ for which He came.

* Where is the cause for which Christ came mentioned in Scripture?

* How does John 12:48 communicate the importance of understanding this cause?

2. Associated with Jesus' _____

* How is Jesus' death described?

3. Designed to bring _____

4. Personally _____ for Jesus

* "troubled" means:

B. The AGONY of Christ (Matt 26:36-46; Mark 14:32-42; Luke 22:39-46)

1. Christ told _____ of the disciples to wait and took His 3 _____ ones with Him to pray

2. He began to be _____ and _____

* "exceeding sorrowful" -

* "deeply distressed" -

3. Jesus prayed to the Father that the _____ might pass from him and that this _____ would be taken away.

* Jesus wanted to be saved only if _____

* What is the issue in Christ's prayer?

4. When Jesus returned to his 3 disciples, he found them _____

* In spite of this, how does Christ encourage them?

* How deep is Christ's anguish? (Luke 22:44; Heb 5:7)

* What is involved in the "cup" that Christ prayed about?

C. The ARREST of Christ (John 18:3-11; Matt 26: 47-57; Mark 14:43-52; Luke 22:47-54)

1. Judas, when betraying Jesus, was accompanied by a _____

* How large a group was this and who did it include?

* What were they carrying?

2. Jesus went out and _____ the multitude

* What did this indicate about Jesus?

* What happened when Jesus identified himself?

3. Judas then betrayed Jesus with a _____

* How does Jesus address Judas?

4. Peter, in coming to the Lord's defense, _____ the high priest's servant's _____

* How does Jesus respond?

* What did the mob miss at this point?

* What could have Christ done?

* Why didn't he?

5. _____ the disciples then _____

* Did Christ predict this?

* What does this mean to you?