

The Trumpet Judgments (Part 3)

In our last study, the first Woe Judgment had passed with its __ months of lingering _____ upon the unsealed humanity. The warning was given that ____ more Woes come hereafter (9.12). Just a casual reading of this horrific chapter produces a desire that this chapter should be figurative. Yet, the horror of this 6th Trumpet Judgment will be literally realized.

The Voice from the Altar— This voice is very likely the same as the first voice that John heard (Rev. 1.10, 12, 15) and the one he will hear later (Rev. 10.4, 8; 14.2, 13; 16.1, 17; 21.3). It was from this same altar, the _____ had been brought (Rev. 8.3-4). The horns of the altar were upon both the earthly bronze (Ex. 27.2) and golden (Ex. 30.2). They were for the _____ of the sacrifices (Psa. 118.27). God is about to let forth judgment pronounced from His altar upon the _____ persecuting rebels (I Kings 2.28-34).

Four Loosed Angels— As the trumpet sounds, four angels are _____. These are different from the previously mentioned four angels (7.1). These angels which are now loosed had obviously been previously _____. Nowhere in Scripture is a heavenly angel bound, but _____ angels (demons) are bound (II Pet. 2.4, Jude 1.6). Two prevailing thoughts relating to the mentioning of the time that exists. A) The time reflects the _____ of their destruction (Rev. 9.10) as such 391 days . Add with the previous 5 months of torment, the totality of these two Woe Judgments equals __ months. B) They reflect not the duration, but rather reflect the _____ of God's providence (Gal. 4.4). Nevertheless, their terror and destruction is _____.

The Great River—These aforementioned angels are bound in the Euphrates River. This river is one of the most _____ of rivers, deriving its name from one of the _____ pre-diluvian _____ (Gen. 2.10-14). The Lord covenanted Himself to Abraham that this river would be the eastern _____ of the land given to Abraham's descendants (Gen. 15.18). Truly from the _____ to the ____ shall the Jew be was God's declaration (Deut. 11.24, Josh. 1.4). This river is the _____ river in western Asia. It "rushes forth" from its source in Turkey and flows for 1,780 miles in a southwesterly direction across _____ and into _____. It converges with another ancient headwater, the _____ River (Gen. 2.14, 10.4). Together, they flow approximately 100 miles and enter the Persian Gulf.

Historically, this river was a boundary for many civilizations. The _____ Empires and _____ Empires (II Kings 23.29, II Chron. 35.20, Jer.46.2), the _____ Empire (II Kings 24.7), Israel under the leadership of King _____ (I Chron. 18.3) and perhaps Solomon (II Chron. 9.26). This river was also the boundary for the Roman Empire that followed. The Babylonian capital of Babylon was situated against this river. _____ the Great would divert it and proceed under the city walls to capture it (539 BC).

Practically, this river was the source of many ancient adversaries that invaded Israel (Jer. 2.18). Biblically, this original area was the source for many infamous first!

- * The first _____ was committed (Gen. 4.10)
- * The first human _____ (Gen. 4.17)
- * The first pagan/godless _____ was developed (Gen. 4.21)
- * The first _____ Judgment passed (Gen. 6.5-6)
- * The first post-diluvian _____ (Gen. 10-11)
- * The first multinational _____ (Gen. 14)
- * The first declaration of God land-grant (Gen. 15.18)

This is the area of unfulfilled promise from which the _____ Jew was called out of (Gen. 12.1) and was her dwelling _____ in the years of captivity (Ezra 7.9). Today, it is the current inhabitation of _____ of Israel's embittered enemies, and it continues to be a constant thorn in her side. By all accounts, it has been an unchanged center of _____ stronghold.

This river will be once more mentioned in the book of the Revelations. Due to the apocalyptic _____ change (Rev. 16.9), it will _____ up (Rev. 16.12) and across it will ride the vast host of the _____ of the east prepared to do battle in the place called _____ (Rev. 16.16).

The Army of Horsemen— These angels will loose 200,000,000 (_____ specific number in the Bible) horsemen (largest recorded calvary was Xerxes' 2.5 million) whose purpose is to extinguish the lives of the _____ part of men (v.15). Coupled with the previous Seal Judgment (Rev. 6.1-8) nearly _____ of all humanity may have perished!

God's grace is seen. He has endured the flaunting of wickedness time and again. Even in this horrific chapter, His undeniable _____ may be seen. Yet, they _____ not (v. 21)!